

LAST STRAW LAID ON LABOR'S BACK

(Continued from First Page.)

bullets in their belts, descended in majestic military splendor upon the pathetic, pale, shivering huddle of women and children, reinforcing the fifty policemen already sent.

The rioters drew up between the children and the train. The police halted the women. If they were taunting them into violence they could not have done better. They were insulting in their language.

"Get out of here, you — you —" they shouted, brandishing their clubs. Some of the children began to cry. One little girl, frightened half out of her wits, screamed:

"Mamma! Mamma! Don't let them hurt me!"

Some of the women ran into the street dragging their little ones. Others, undaunted, stood their ground. There the police finally seized. When the women resisted they were beaten and their clothing torn. A truck in the street was commandeered and backed up to the station platform. Into this improvised patrol eight struggling injured women, ten trembling boys and girls and five men were bundled and then carted off to the police station, like dangerous criminals.

Found Guilty in Court.

In Police Court this afternoon four fathers and one mother were found guilty of assaulting officers, obstructing the sidewalk, and disorderly conduct, because they had resisted the efforts of the police literally to tear their children from their arms. The cases of seven women and one man were postponed until Monday. The children who were arrested were sent to the city hall for orphan.

Their ages ranged from three to fifteen years. Two women, Mrs. Martha Galbreath and Mrs. Agnes Hockins, arrested for "obstructing operative" who were going to work, are at the city hospital, being treated for bruises and the mauling they got at the hands of city police when a score of blue-coats broke up a crowd of women and men pickets, arresting many.

Simon Knebel, a social worker of Philadelphia who was one of those delegated to escort the children to the city, was fined \$10 for "obstructing the sidewalk" at the station. He was arrested by Police Sergeant Monahan, whose sworn testimony and reason for arresting him were:

"The man looked like he was stubborn, and wasn't moving fast enough to suit me."

Knebel had a ticket to Philadelphia, which he showed to Monahan, but the policeman refused to let him go into the station to take his train.

Special Justice Rowell, who acted in all the cases, justified his action in sending ten children to the city poor farm by citing section 1, chapter 131, of the laws of this state, which reads: "The authorities shall step in and take charge of any child under sixteen, and the parents shall be charged with neglect by reason of orphanage, neglect, crime, cruelty, insanity or drunkenness, or other loss of the parents."

Questions of law, Justice Rowell brought out the fact that not one of the parents arrested ever had been in court before today.

The one mother who was fined \$5 for assaulting an officer was Jennie Lewis, who was stopped by Policeman McCann when she tried to board the train at North Station with her four-year-old daughter in her arms. McCann testified that when he pushed the woman from the train and tried to take her child from her, she "kicked and scratched him" and "tried to hit him."

Being informed that a congressional investigation would be made, Charles Troutman, William Haywood and William Yates, of the strike committee, today issued a strenuous protest against the city and state authorities to Chairman Wilson, of the House Labor Committee, and to Representative Burger, of Wisconsin. With the protest was sent an urgent request that the congressional investigation be made at once.

The strike leaders also took preliminary steps for legal action to demand damages against the city of Lawrence for interference with the personal rights and liberties of those arrested in violation of constitutional guarantees. A consultation will be held tomorrow with their legal advisers, to decide what action will be taken against the city for personal injuries inflicted by the police.

This is Lawrence. These are the methods of civil and Commonwealth officials, guardians of constitutional rights, but acting for the mill owners, a charge which even they do not dispute privately.

This unprovoked and outrageous assault upon women and children is an indication of the length to which these men will go to break a strike and prevent it.

The right of free speech and assembly has been denied. Habeas corpus was suspended in the case of Strike leaders Joseph E. Egan and assistant, arrested as accessories to the murder of Anna Lopez, shot down in the street. There was testimony by several witnesses that Egan was a mile from the scene of the killing. Two witnesses said they saw a police official shoot the woman, one identifying the policeman and there was successful rebuttal in court of the testimony of the private detectives that Egan had urged the strikers to commit violence. Egan is still in jail, held without bail, for the murder of one of his own countrymen and a striker.

The Constitution was violated when the police seized Egan's baggage, cutting open a suitcase to get a lot of papers, but securing nothing they could use against him. Cruel and unusual punishment has been meted out.

"Then I will come right up and see him about it," said Berger to Taft's assistant secretary.

"No, the President will be busy this afternoon. You cannot see him before Monday," Berger was told, and he thereupon made an engagement to call on the President at that time. Berger this afternoon drafted a resolution which he will introduce in the House Monday, directing Wilson's committee to investigate the conditions at Lawrence.

Waiting replies to demands for information sent Governor Foss, of Massachusetts, and President Golden, of the Textile Workers' Union, representative Wilson declared to-night that immediately upon receiving a statement of the facts he would introduce a resolution providing for a congressional investigation.

"There is only one way we can reach this matter from the national standpoint," Wilson declared. "That is an investigation by a House committee, or a special committee. In either case a resolution authorizing the investigation will be necessary. If the shocking account made public to-day is true, I am awaiting information from the officials of the Lawrence unions and from Governor Foss, of Massachusetts. Just as soon as I receive that I shall determine a course of action."

Representative Berger was indignant over the entire matter to-night.

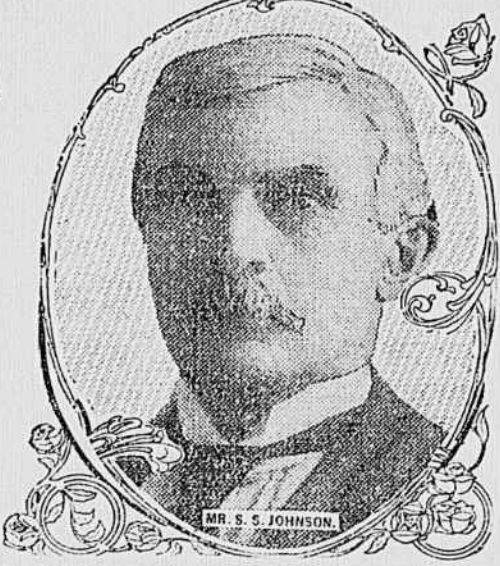
It is the old story, he said, "No matter how peacefully the workmen conduct a strike, the military will find some pretext under which to use force and turn the strike into a riot. That is exactly what has happened in Lawrence. The strikers behaved in such a way that the Chief of Police did not see any reason to molest them or to interfere with them. He was then removed as inefficient and another man was put in his place. With the military, he of course, succeeded beautifully.

"But the pretext is simply an outrage. The strikers, and especially the women, were manhandled and beaten because they tried to send their children away to another city."

"It is foolish for any American to declare this act of the police chief is anything else than unconstitutional."

ALMOST DEAD WITH CATARRH

"PERUNA HAS SAVED MY LIFE."



Catarrh for Five Years.

Mr. S. S. Johnson, Greenville, Ill., writes: "I was for five years troubled with catarrh. Two years ago I had one foot in the grave. I had tried seven doctors and also went to a catarrh specialist in St. Louis, and took several kinds of medicine a day. I could not walk more than a hundred yards without resting."

"My friends told me to take Peruna, and I did so. I now feel that Peruna has saved my life. It is the best medicine on earth, and I would not be without it."

A Heavy Cold.

Samuel McKinley, 1215 Grand Ave., Kansas City, Mo., member of the Society of the United States Jewelry Auctioneers, writes:

"I can honestly say that I owe my life to Peruna. After some of the best doctors in the country gave me up and told me I could not live another month, Peruna saved me."

"Traveling from town to town throughout the country, and having to go into all kinds of badly heated stores and buildings, sometimes standing up for hours at a time while plying my trade as auctioneer, it is only natural that I had coughs frequently so when this would occur I paid little attention to it, until last December, when I contracted a severe case, which, through neglect on my part, settled on my lungs."

"When almost too late I began doctoring, but without avail, until I heard of Peruna. It cured me, so I cannot praise it too highly."

Nasal Catarrh, Coughs.

Mr. Emil Pickett, 463 130th St., Hammond, Ind., writes:

"I am entirely cured of catarrh of the nose, and my stomach is in good condition also. I only used about five bottles of your great medicine, although I had catarrh so bad and for so many years that I thought I wouldn't live much longer. I had to consult doctors right along. Now all my friends say I never looked as well as I do now."

"I can also say that it is a great remedy for coughs, because I gave it to my children. I never will be without it. I used enough other medicine to know how valuable Peruna is."

"You are at liberty to use my name in spreading the merits of Peruna."

ent the unfortunates of employees, who say they have reached the end of their tether, life being impossible at the old wages.

Rights Are Violated.

If a thoroughgoing congressional investigation is made of the events of the past seven weeks in Lawrence it will show violation of almost every constitutional right of the people, who compose the striking element.

From the start of this industrial war the whole effort by the army of private detectives, the police and militia, as well as the unscrupulous city and state officers, has been to precipitate violence to discredit the strike leaders. It is notorious that dynamite was planted in three places by detectives working for the mill agents. When the explosives were found the police announced that the strikers were planning dynamite outrages. This "plant" has been fully exposed, and the man whom the police snatched arrested as the planter is out on bail.

Despite all statements to the contrary, the fact is that the strikers have been severely disposed from the start, and any violence by individuals has been traced to the daring of his cowardice of the strikers, who were first attacked in upon the military of police. It must be understood that the town is not under martial law. The 1,500 State troops are merely present to assist the civil authorities.

The right of free speech and assembly has been denied. Habeas corpus was suspended in the case of Strike leaders Joseph E. Egan and assistant, arrested as accessories to the murder of Anna Lopez, shot down in the street. There was testimony by several witnesses that Egan was a mile from the scene of the killing. Two witnesses said they saw a police official shoot the woman, one identifying the policeman and there was successful rebuttal in court of the testimony of the private detectives that Egan had urged the strikers to commit violence. Egan is still in jail, held without bail, for the murder of one of his own countrymen and a striker.

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outrageous and barbaric. It would not be surprising to see these strikers, in the face of provocation, use any kind of weapon against the military and police."

Newspapers Protest.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Los Angeles, Cal., February 24.—The following protest against the action of the Lawrence police and militia in preventing the strikers from sending their children from the city was telegraphed to Governor Foss, of Massachusetts, by California newspapers to-day:

"In the name of 250,000 friends of labor in California, we declare to make vigorous protest against the inhuman action of the militia in preventing the Lawrence strikers from sending their children away from that city, and we urge you to take immediate action and the strikers and families shall be relieved."

The message was signed by Los Angeles Herald, San Francisco News, Fresno Tribune, Sacramento Star, Berkeley Independent and San Diego Sun.

The Portland News and the Seattle Star sent similar telegrams.

COLONEL'S REPLY COMING TO-NIGHT

(Continued from First Page.)

Where he will spend that night those who know refuse to give out. Wednesday he will attend the meeting of the Harvard Overseers, and leave Boston late that afternoon.

At a conference on Monday with the progressive Republicans, Mr. Roosevelt will meet Ernest Smith, Matthew Hale, R. W. Child, Lawrence C. Brooks, Robert Turner, Mr. Drake, chairman of the Springfield City Council, Herbert W. Burr and many others. Several business men and one or two of the most prominent Republicans in the State have been invited to attend.

After the meeting Colonel Roosevelt will confer with Herbert W. Burr, of Dorchester, who was the first man to announce his candidacy for delegate at large pledged to Colonel Roosevelt. It is expected that Charles S. Byrd, the East Walpole paper manufacturer, who has been chosen as a member of the national Roosevelt committee, will be back in Boston to talk over matters with Colonel Roosevelt some time Monday following these conferences.

Mr. Roosevelt will be the guest of honor at a private dinner to be given by the progressive Republicans.

Colonel's Cause Not Aided.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Chicago, Ill., February 24.—"Colonel Roosevelt has not helped his chances as a possible candidate against President Taft for the presidential nomination by his Columbus, Ohio, speech."

This in substance was the message members of the Republican National Committee brought to Chicago to-day at the meeting of the subcommittee in charge of the Republican National Committee arrangements. David R. Forgan, president of the Taft Club of Illinois, sent a message of similar tone from Washington to the club here. Word was also brought that the Taft Club have harmonized Republicans in Louisiana.

Republican national committees were here to accept the plans of the

architects for the seating and other arrangements in the convention hall and to let contracts for printing, engraving and badges.

"Republicans of Indiana will not accept the doctrine of the recall of judges and of judicial decisions, whether it comes from Colonel Roosevelt or any other man," said Harry S. New, of Indiana, chairman of the subcommittee looking after the convention plans. "Colonel Roosevelt has not made any impression on the voters in my State by the Columbus speech. Indiana is more for Taft than it ever was, in my judgment."

This sentiment was echoed by Mr. New's associates.

"I am a 'stand-patter' on the proposition that Ohio will stand by President Taft," said Arthur Vodys, of Ohio, in reiterating declarations to the effect that the President will hold his home State. "Colonel Roosevelt has hurt his chances with the declaration he made in favor of the recall of judicial decisions. Senator Borah, a progressive, expressed it when he referred to this doctrine as 'bosh!'"

New Jersey for Taft.

"New Jersey is standing as firmly as ever for Taft," said Franklin Murphy, former Governor of New Jersey. "The Roosevelt judicial decision recall idea does not find sympathizers in our section of the country."

"North Carolina is going Taft-way, and nothing will stop it, although there is a good fight on," said E. C. Duncan, of that State. "They do not like Roosevelt as well as they did since the judicial decision recall idea he put forth."

R. E. Williams, of Oregon, who is a Taft enthusiast, said his State was going to uphold the President. William Stone, sergeant-at-arms of the national committee, declared there was no doubt as to Maryland.

"The governors and all Republican officials in the State are for the President, and Taft has Maryland safely now," said Mr. Stone.

National Committeeman Wright reported the "Lily Whites" and the "Black-and-Tans" as the factions were designated in the national convention of 1908, from Louisiana have been harmonized, and Louisiana will bring a solid delegation to the Chicago convention for the President.

Underwood in the Open.

Washington, February 24.—Representative Oscar W. Underwood, of Alabama, majority leader of the House, to-day, was formally entered in the race for the Democratic nomination for the presidency.

Senator Bankhead, in making the announcement also announced the opening of Underwood headquarters in this city. Mr. Bankhead has acted as chairman of the Underwood movement and as his manager. The statement follows:

"To set at rest any question in the public mind as to the actual candidacy of Representative Underwood of Alabama, I desire to say that all we are doing in his behalf has his full and hearty concurrence. He is a candidate, and is in the race not only to win the nomination, but also for the election in November."

"Headquarters will be conducted in a strictly systematic and business-like way with as much regard for detail as is exercised by the most complex and minutely organized business concern. Every moment of the day will be filled with zealous activities, carried on by my enthusiastic and trained assistants."

"I wish the people of the country to know that we expect to go in on the strength of our candidate, his high character, his well tried leadership, his perfect sanity and poise, and his ability, both to his friendships and also to the great and time-honored principles of the Democratic party."

"If we are unable to win save through anonymous and unasked attacks on other candidates, then we do not expect or even care to win. Under such circumstances we would not deserve to win. In all we do it will never be forgotten that there is a certain comity due between candidates of the same party, and that after the nomination we must be in

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Announce for This Week Some Very Rare Bargains in ...Housefurnishing Goods...

17-quart Mottled Blue and White Lined, Rolled Edge Dish Pans.....	49c
14-quart Mottled Blue and White, Rolled Edge Dish Pans.....	39c
Gray Enameled Double Steamer or Roaster, each.....	49c
Nickel-Plated Cuspidors, extra heavy, each.....	25c
Nickel-Plated Grumb Tray and Scraper, pair.....	10c
Dover Egg Beaters, each.....	8c
12-quart White and White Enamel Pails, each.....	42c
10-quart White and White Enamel Pails, each.....	37c
Wilson Bread Toasters, each.....	16c
Japanned Bread Box, each.....	39c
Good Toilet Paper Holders, each.....	9c
No. 60 Connecticut Food Chopper, price, \$2.00, for, each.....	\$1.50
14 1/2-inch diameter, very deep, White and White Lined Basins, each.....	30c
13-inch diameter Blue and White Lined Basins, each.....	23c

100 Dozen Cups and Saucers, 100 Dozen Plates to Match
Austrian China border decoration of pink and green, very pretty pattern, worth \$2.00 per dozen, to close out—

Cups and Saucers, 10c per pair, Plates, 10c each

THE E. B. TAYLOR CO.

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around." But the show-me people said that no real Missourian ever talked that way, and ordered it changed to: "You gotta stop kickin' my dawg around."

HELD UP BY NEGROES

R. H. Tyler, of 1204 Stuart Street, South Richmond, last night reported to the police of the First District that he was held up about 7:45 o'clock and robbed by two negroes as he was passing under the viaduct at Railroad and Broad Streets. He said that one of the men jumped in front of him and shoved a revolver before his face with the command of "hands up." He obeyed. The second man went through his clothing and secured a gold watch and more than \$7 in currency. There is no clue to their identity.

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LOUIS CHEVALIER, Proprietor.

SUNDAY TABLE D'HOTE.

February 25, 1912, 5:30 P. M. to 9 P. M., 75c

MENU

January 25, 1912, 5:30 P. M. to 9 P. M., 75c

MENU

Oysters on Half Shell.

Celery. Olives. Mixed Pickles.

Cream of Asparagus, Mathilde,
or
Consomme Royal.

Medallion of Sea Trout, Chambord.
Potatoes Fantasia.

Larded Tenderloin of Beef, Richelieu.
French String Beans.

Stuffed Philadelphia Capon, Giblet Sauce.

Head Lettuce, French Dressing.

Neapolitaine Ice Cream.
Assorted Cake.

Demitasse.

FIRST-CLASS SERVICE. FINE APPOINTMENTS.

All White Waiters, from Cafe Martin, New York City.

Mr. Romagnoli, Head Waiter, Served Six Years at Waldorf-Astoria, New York.

WE CATER EXTENSIVELY TO THE WANTS OF TRAVELING MEN.

Music Under Direction of Mr. Henry G. Freriks, Jr.

- 1.—Under the Banner of Victory (march)..... Franz von Bion
- 2.—A Prince of To-Night (selection)..... Jos. E. Howard
- 3.—Singing Song..... Ethel Burns
- 4.—Vienna Hostess (waltz)..... E. M. Ziehnert
- 5.—Sextette from Lullaby..... Donizetti
- 6.—The Spring Maid (selection)..... Selected
- 7.—Violin Solo..... Selected
- 8.—Thurston (march)..... A. J. Starkey
- 9.—Song: D'Amour..... R. Becker
- 10.—Avaricious White..... Chas. J. Roberts
- 11.—If I Had a Thousand Lilies to Live..... Alfred Solman
- 12.—Doctor De Luxe (selection)..... Karl Hosenka

Fortune Telling

Does not take into consideration the one essential to woman's happiness—womanly health.

The woman who neglects her health is neglecting the very foundation of all good fortune. For without health love loses its lustre and gold is but dust.

Womanly health when lost or impaired may generally be regained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

This Prescription has, for over 40 years, been curing delicate, weak, pain-wracked women by the hundreds of thousands, and this, too, in the privacy of their homes, without their having to submit to indecate questionings and offensively repugnant examinations.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter free. All correspondence held as sacredly confidential. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

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